

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

***trans*-Dichloridobis[diphenyl(thiophen-2-yl)phosphane- κ P]palladium(II)**

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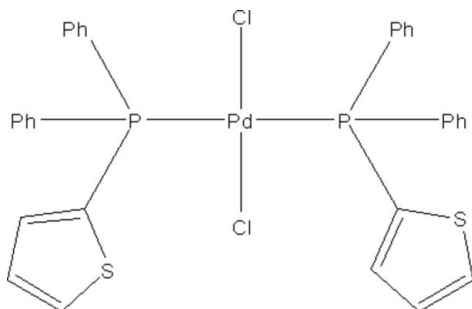
Received 3 April 2012; accepted 4 April 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.007$ Å; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.051; wR factor = 0.111; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.9.

The title compound, $\text{trans}[\text{PdCl}_2(\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{13}\text{PS})_2]$, forms a monomeric complex with a *trans*-square-planar geometry. The Pd—P bond lengths are 2.3387 (11) Å, as the Pd atom lies on an inversion point, while the Pd—Cl bond lengths are 2.2950 (12) Å.

Related literature

For a review on related compounds, see: Spessard & Miessler (1996). For the synthesis of the starting materials, see: Drew & Doyle (1990). For $(R_3P)_2\text{PdCl}_2$ compounds with consanguinities, see: Muller & Meijboom (2010); Meijboom (2011); Burgoyne *et al.* (2012); Ogutu & Meijboom, (2011). For their applications, see: Bedford *et al.* (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{PdCl}_2(\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{13}\text{PS})_2]$
 $M_r = 713.91$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 9.019$ (2) Å
 $b = 18.427$ (4) Å
 $c = 9.658$ (2) Å
 $\beta = 110.14$ (4)°

$V = 1507.0$ (7) Å³
 $Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.06$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
 $0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.16$ mm

Data collection

Bruker X8 APEXII 4K KappaCCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2007)
 $T_{\min} = 0.812$, $T_{\max} = 0.841$

20792 measured reflections
3747 independent reflections
3591 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.111$
 $S = 1.19$
3747 reflections
198 parameters

40 restraints
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.54$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.49$ e Å⁻³

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT-Plus and XPREP (Bruker, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

ARB thanks the University of Johannesburg and the South African National Research Foundation for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6729).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, m588 [doi:10.1107/S160053681201478X]

***trans*-Dichloridobis[diphenyl(thiophen-2-yl)phosphane- κ P]palladium(II)**

Andrew R. Burgoyne, Reinout Meijboom, Haleden Chiririwa and Leo Kirsten

Comment

The catalytic abilities of palladium metal centre complexes make them amongst the most popular catalytic precursors in organic synthesis. They are used in carbon-carbon bond formation reactions like the Heck, Stille and Suzuki reactions (Bedford *et al.*, 2004).

[PdCl₂(L)₂] (L = tertiary phosphine, arsine or stibine) complexes can conveniently be prepared by the substitution of 1,5-cyclooctadiene (COD) from [PdCl₂(COD)]. The title compound, *trans*-[PdCl₂{P(C₆H₅)₂(C₄SH₃)₂}₂], crystallizes with the Pd atom on a center of symmetry and each pair of equivalent ligands in a mutually *trans* orientation. The geometry is, therefore, slightly distorted square planar and the Pd atom is not displaced out of the coordinating atoms plane. All angles in the coordination polyhedron are close to the ideal value of 90°, with P—Pd—Cl = 87.50 (5)° and P—Pd—Clⁱ = 92.50 (5)°. As required by the crystallographic symmetry, the P—Pd—Pⁱ and Cl—Pd—Clⁱ angles are 180°.

The title compound compares well with other closely related Pd(II) complexes from the literature containing two chloro and two tertiary phosphine ligands in a *trans* geometry (Muller & Meijboom, 2010). The title compound, having a Pd—Cl bond length of 2.2950 (12) Å and a Pd—P bond length of 2.3387 (11) Å, fits well into the typical range for complexes of this kind. Notably the title compound did not crystallize as a solvated complex; these type of Pd(II) complexes have a tendency to crystallize as solvates (Ogutu & Meijboom, 2011).

Experimental

Dichloro(1,5-cyclooctadiene)palladium(II), [PdCl₂(COD)], was prepared according to the literature procedure of Drew & Doyle (1990). A solution of diphenyl(thiophenyl-2-yl)phosphine (0.2 mmol) in dichloromethane (2.0 ml) was added to a solution of [PdCl₂(COD)] (0.1 mmol) in dichloromethane (3.0 ml). Slow evaporation of the solvent gave the parent palladium compound. Recrystallization from dichloromethane afforded crystals of the title compound with 60% yield.

Refinement

A disorder refinement model was applied to the thiophene ring. Ellipsoid displacement constraints (SIMU) were used to improve the model of the structure. The occupation parameters were linked to a free variable with a distribution of 0.57 (1):0.43 (1). P1, C1A, C2A and C3A were all constrained to have equal ADPs. All hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically with C—H = 0.95 Å for aromatic H atoms. All hydrogen atoms were allowed to ride on their parent atoms with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$. The remaining highest electron peak was 1.54 at 0.06 Å from C1A and the deepest hole was -1.49 at 0.24 Å from C4B.

Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus* and *XPREP* (Bruker, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to

prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

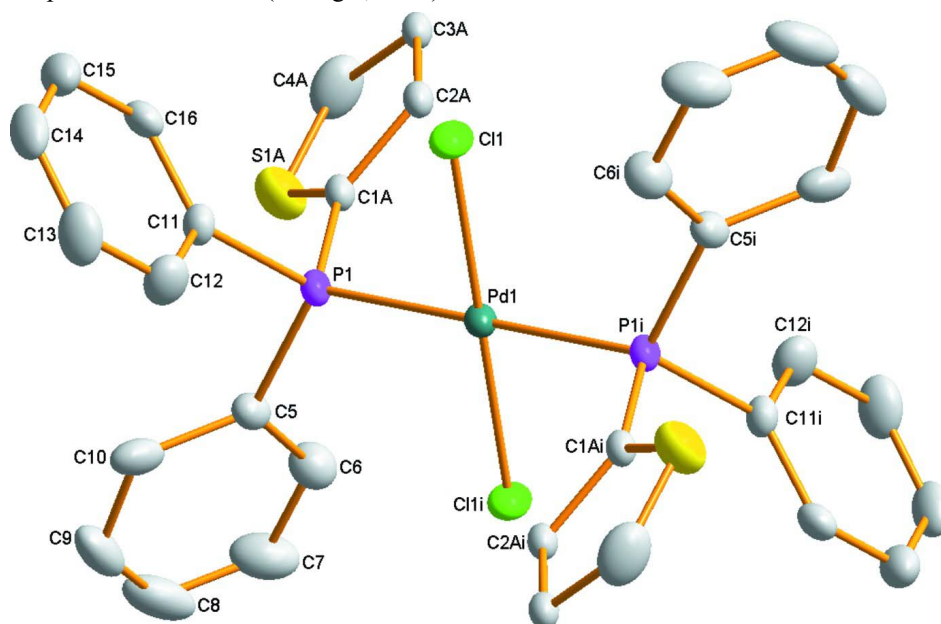


Figure 1

The structure of the *trans*-dichlorobis {diphenyl(thiophenyl-2-yl)phosphine}palladium(II) showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. Symmetry code to generate molecule through inversion point: $-x, -y, 1-z$. Hydrogen atoms were omitted for clarity.

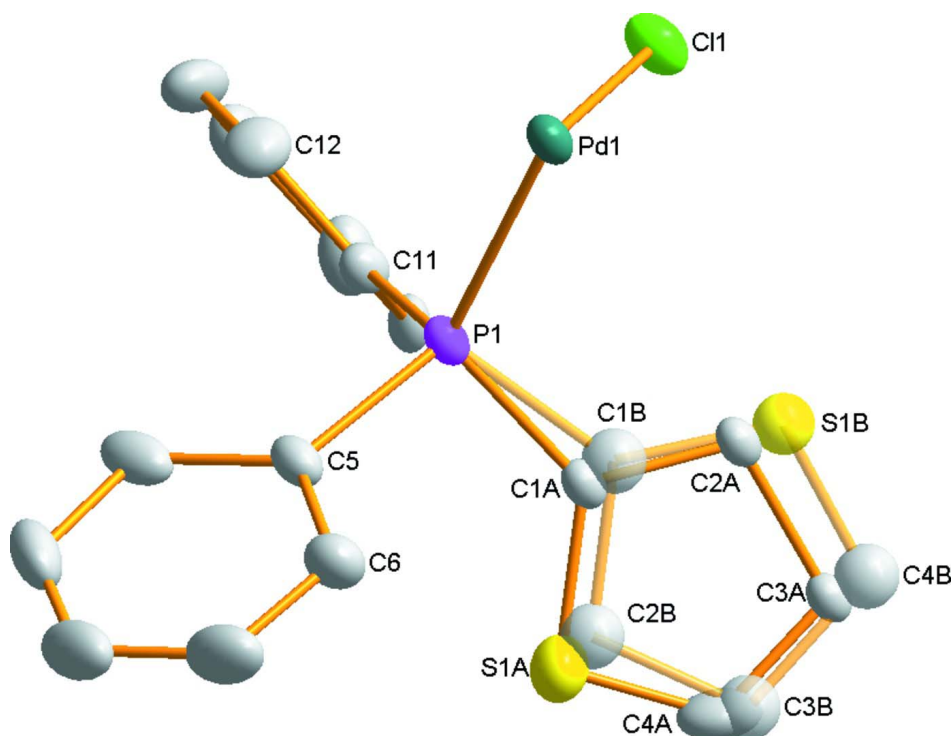


Figure 2

The structure of the disordered phenyl ring within *trans*-dichlorobis {diphenyl(thiophenyl-2-yl)phosphine}palladium(II), with the lower occupancy atoms shown as semi-transparent.

***trans*-Dichloridobis[diphenyl(thiophen-2-yl)phosphane- κP]palladium(II)**

Crystal data

[PdCl₂(C₁₆H₁₃PS)₂]
M_r = 713.91
 Monoclinic, *P*2₁/*n*
 Hall symbol: -*P* 2₁*y*
a = 9.019 (2) Å
b = 18.427 (4) Å
c = 9.658 (2) Å
 β = 110.14 (4)°
V = 1507.0 (7) Å³
Z = 2

F(000) = 720.0
D_x = 1.573 Mg m⁻³
 Mo *K* α radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å
 Cell parameters from 9973 reflections
 θ = 2.5–28.3°
 μ = 1.06 mm⁻¹
T = 100 K
 Cube, orange
 0.20 × 0.20 × 0.16 mm

Data collection

Bruker X8 APEXII 4K KappaCCD
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2007)
T_{min} = 0.812, *T_{max}* = 0.841

20792 measured reflections
 3747 independent reflections
 3591 reflections with *I* > 2 σ (*I*)
R_{int} = 0.019
 θ_{\max} = 28.4°, θ_{\min} = 2.2°
h = -7→12
k = -24→24
l = -12→12

Refinement

Refinement on *F*²
 Least-squares matrix: full
R[*F*² > 2 σ (*F*²)] = 0.051
wR(*F*²) = 0.111
S = 1.19
 3747 reflections
 198 parameters
 40 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0193P)^2 + 7.7351P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.54 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.49 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. The intensity data was collected on a Bruker X8 Apex II 4 K Kappa CCD diffractometer using an exposure time of 10 s/frame. A collection frame width of 0.5 ° covering up to $\theta = 28.4^\circ$ resulted in 99% completeness accomplished.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of *F*² against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on *F*², conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative *F*². The threshold expression of *F*² > σ (*F*²) is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on *F*² are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U_{iso}</i> */ <i>U_{eq}</i>	Occ. (<1)
Pd1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.01794 (11)	
Cl1	0.70661 (12)	0.45351 (6)	0.69206 (10)	0.0280 (2)	

P1	0.52138 (11)	0.39844 (5)	0.36286 (10)	0.01804 (18)	
C5	0.4185 (5)	0.4000 (2)	0.1640 (4)	0.0225 (7)	
C11	0.7266 (4)	0.3790 (2)	0.3872 (4)	0.0205 (7)	
C10	0.5040 (6)	0.4028 (2)	0.0598 (5)	0.0310 (9)	
H10	0.6137	0.4036	0.0907	0.037*	
C16	0.7978 (5)	0.3108 (2)	0.4353 (4)	0.0231 (7)	
H16	0.7386	0.2724	0.4507	0.028*	
C12	0.8193 (6)	0.4352 (2)	0.3639 (5)	0.0325 (9)	
H12	0.7745	0.4806	0.3342	0.039*	
C13	0.9756 (5)	0.4240 (3)	0.3845 (5)	0.0362 (10)	
H13	1.0357	0.4612	0.3655	0.043*	
C6	0.2505 (5)	0.3988 (2)	0.1073 (5)	0.0309 (9)	
H6	0.1941	0.3982	0.1717	0.037*	
C7	0.1722 (7)	0.3984 (3)	-0.0409 (5)	0.0442 (12)	
H7	0.0624	0.3964	-0.0772	0.053*	
C8	0.2528 (7)	0.4010 (3)	-0.1360 (5)	0.0472 (14)	
H8	0.1975	0.4004	-0.2369	0.057*	
C9	0.4108 (7)	0.4042 (3)	-0.0871 (5)	0.0412 (12)	
H9	0.4608	0.4076	-0.1566	0.049*	
C15	0.9557 (5)	0.3024 (3)	0.4588 (5)	0.0340 (10)	
H15	1.0043	0.2581	0.4929	0.041*	
C14	1.0427 (5)	0.3582 (3)	0.4327 (5)	0.0347 (10)	
H14	1.1493	0.3512	0.4482	0.042*	
C1A	0.4428 (9)	0.3176 (4)	0.4104 (7)	0.01804 (18)	0.570 (6)
C2A	0.4540 (9)	0.3048 (5)	0.5578 (9)	0.01804 (18)	0.570 (6)
H2A	0.4988	0.3356	0.6377	0.022*	0.570 (6)
C3A	0.3748 (8)	0.2270 (4)	0.5617 (8)	0.0180 (6)	0.570 (6)
H3A	0.3626	0.2043	0.6432	0.022*	0.570 (6)
C4A	0.3287 (19)	0.2006 (7)	0.4190 (13)	0.041 (3)	0.570 (6)
H4A	0.2832	0.1550	0.3943	0.049*	0.570 (6)
S1A	0.3563 (4)	0.24996 (17)	0.3057 (3)	0.0386 (7)	0.570 (6)
C1B	0.4544 (10)	0.3199 (4)	0.4465 (6)	0.0178 (7)	0.430 (6)
C2B	0.3665 (17)	0.2577 (7)	0.3461 (10)	0.071 (6)	0.430 (6)
H2B	0.3453	0.2543	0.2451	0.085*	0.430 (6)
C3B	0.3197 (19)	0.2020 (6)	0.4418 (12)	0.030 (3)	0.430 (6)
H3B	0.2652	0.1589	0.4089	0.036*	0.430 (6)
C4B	0.3787 (12)	0.2298 (4)	0.6013 (8)	0.043 (2)	0.430 (6)
H4B	0.3662	0.2065	0.6820	0.052*	0.430 (6)
S1B	0.4619 (3)	0.30264 (15)	0.6042 (3)	0.0244 (7)	0.430 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Pd1	0.01662 (18)	0.0228 (2)	0.01334 (18)	0.00304 (14)	0.00382 (13)	-0.00107 (14)
Cl1	0.0254 (5)	0.0336 (5)	0.0192 (4)	0.0079 (4)	0.0001 (3)	-0.0004 (4)
P1	0.0168 (4)	0.0231 (4)	0.0145 (4)	0.0022 (3)	0.0057 (3)	-0.0025 (3)
C5	0.0288 (19)	0.0210 (18)	0.0163 (16)	0.0016 (15)	0.0060 (14)	-0.0022 (13)
C11	0.0178 (16)	0.0247 (18)	0.0205 (16)	0.0008 (14)	0.0084 (13)	-0.0038 (14)
C10	0.040 (2)	0.0190 (18)	0.0249 (19)	0.0044 (17)	-0.0009 (17)	-0.0008 (15)

C16	0.0234 (18)	0.030 (2)	0.0170 (16)	-0.0005 (15)	0.0085 (14)	0.0036 (14)
C12	0.037 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.0011 (17)	0.0168 (19)	-0.0033 (17)
C13	0.029 (2)	0.040 (3)	0.044 (3)	-0.0133 (19)	0.019 (2)	-0.014 (2)
C6	0.032 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0248 (19)	-0.0045 (18)	0.0067 (16)	-0.0041 (17)
C7	0.046 (3)	0.041 (3)	0.031 (2)	-0.011 (2)	-0.004 (2)	0.003 (2)
C8	0.071 (4)	0.035 (3)	0.025 (2)	-0.016 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.0041 (19)
C9	0.072 (4)	0.033 (2)	0.025 (2)	-0.004 (2)	0.025 (2)	-0.0026 (18)
C15	0.029 (2)	0.046 (3)	0.029 (2)	0.0137 (19)	0.0129 (17)	0.0069 (19)
C14	0.0185 (18)	0.058 (3)	0.029 (2)	0.0033 (19)	0.0089 (16)	-0.007 (2)
C1A	0.0168 (4)	0.0231 (4)	0.0145 (4)	0.0022 (3)	0.0057 (3)	-0.0025 (3)
C2A	0.0168 (4)	0.0231 (4)	0.0145 (4)	0.0022 (3)	0.0057 (3)	-0.0025 (3)
C3A	0.0168 (9)	0.0231 (5)	0.0145 (9)	0.0022 (8)	0.0057 (4)	-0.0025 (8)
C4A	0.036 (5)	0.028 (5)	0.058 (5)	-0.008 (4)	0.015 (5)	-0.015 (4)
S1A	0.0460 (14)	0.0398 (13)	0.0342 (13)	-0.0067 (10)	0.0191 (10)	0.0007 (9)
C1B	0.0166 (11)	0.0224 (11)	0.0145 (11)	0.0018 (10)	0.0056 (10)	-0.0026 (11)
C2B	0.067 (8)	0.077 (9)	0.062 (9)	0.025 (7)	0.014 (7)	-0.002 (8)
C3B	0.029 (5)	0.018 (5)	0.059 (6)	-0.007 (4)	0.037 (4)	-0.009 (5)
C4B	0.043 (4)	0.053 (4)	0.033 (4)	0.014 (4)	0.012 (4)	0.007 (4)
S1B	0.0279 (12)	0.0342 (13)	0.0112 (11)	-0.0045 (9)	0.0069 (10)	-0.0001 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Pd1—C11	2.2950 (12)	C7—H7	0.9300
Pd1—C11 ⁱ	2.2950 (12)	C8—C9	1.340 (8)
Pd1—P1	2.3387 (11)	C8—H8	0.9300
Pd1—P1 ⁱ	2.3387 (11)	C9—H9	0.9300
P1—C1A	1.777 (7)	C15—C14	1.370 (7)
P1—C11	1.820 (4)	C15—H15	0.9300
P1—C5	1.823 (4)	C14—H14	0.9300
P1—C1B	1.857 (6)	C1A—C2A	1.412 (9)
C5—C6	1.423 (6)	C1A—S1A	1.625 (7)
C5—C10	1.465 (6)	C2A—C3A	1.608 (10)
C11—C12	1.397 (6)	C2A—H2A	0.9300
C11—C16	1.414 (5)	C3A—C4A	1.384 (12)
C10—C9	1.378 (6)	C3A—H3A	0.9300
C10—H10	0.9300	C4A—S1A	1.507 (12)
C16—C15	1.371 (6)	C4A—H4A	0.9300
C16—H16	0.9300	C1B—S1B	1.534 (5)
C12—C13	1.369 (6)	C1B—C2B	1.534 (5)
C12—H12	0.9300	C2B—C3B	1.534 (5)
C13—C14	1.363 (7)	C2B—H2B	0.9300
C13—H13	0.9300	C3B—C4B	1.534 (5)
C6—C7	1.361 (6)	C3B—H3B	0.9300
C6—H6	0.9300	C4B—S1B	1.534 (5)
C7—C8	1.354 (8)	C4B—H4B	0.9300
C11—Pd1—C11 ⁱ	180.000 (1)	C9—C8—C7	121.2 (5)
C11—Pd1—P1	87.52 (4)	C9—C8—H8	119.4
C11 ⁱ —Pd1—P1	92.48 (4)	C7—C8—H8	119.4
C11—Pd1—P1 ⁱ	92.48 (4)	C8—C9—C10	124.0 (5)

C11 ⁱ —Pd1—P1 ⁱ	87.52 (4)	C8—C9—H9	118.0
P1—Pd1—P1 ⁱ	180.0	C10—C9—H9	118.0
C1A—P1—C11	106.3 (3)	C14—C15—C16	120.8 (4)
C1A—P1—C5	100.5 (2)	C14—C15—H15	119.6
C11—P1—C5	105.39 (18)	C16—C15—H15	119.6
C11—P1—C1B	105.0 (3)	C13—C14—C15	121.1 (4)
C5—P1—C1B	110.3 (2)	C13—C14—H14	119.5
C1A—P1—Pd1	114.0 (2)	C15—C14—H14	119.5
C11—P1—Pd1	111.29 (12)	C2A—C1A—S1A	110.6 (6)
C5—P1—Pd1	118.21 (13)	C2A—C1A—P1	120.3 (5)
C1B—P1—Pd1	105.9 (2)	S1A—C1A—P1	129.1 (4)
C6—C5—C10	118.6 (4)	C1A—C2A—C3A	107.1 (6)
C6—C5—P1	119.6 (3)	C1A—C2A—H2A	126.4
C10—C5—P1	121.8 (3)	C3A—C2A—H2A	126.4
C12—C11—C16	118.8 (4)	C4A—C3A—C2A	105.8 (7)
C12—C11—P1	118.1 (3)	C4A—C3A—H3A	127.1
C16—C11—P1	123.0 (3)	C2A—C3A—H3A	127.1
C9—C10—C5	115.5 (4)	C3A—C4A—S1A	116.4 (7)
C9—C10—H10	122.3	C3A—C4A—H4A	121.8
C5—C10—H10	122.3	S1A—C4A—H4A	121.8
C15—C16—C11	118.9 (4)	C4A—S1A—C1A	100.0 (5)
C15—C16—H16	120.5	S1B—C1B—C2B	108.0
C11—C16—H16	120.5	S1B—C1B—P1	133.1 (4)
C13—C12—C11	120.5 (4)	C2B—C1B—P1	118.8 (4)
C13—C12—H12	119.7	C3B—C2B—C1B	108.0
C11—C12—H12	119.7	C3B—C2B—H2B	126.0
C14—C13—C12	119.8 (4)	C1B—C2B—H2B	126.0
C14—C13—H13	120.1	C2B—C3B—C4B	108.0
C12—C13—H13	120.1	C2B—C3B—H3B	126.0
C7—C6—C5	120.2 (4)	C4B—C3B—H3B	126.0
C7—C6—H6	119.9	S1B—C4B—C3B	108.0
C5—C6—H6	119.9	S1B—C4B—H4B	126.0
C8—C7—C6	120.5 (5)	C3B—C4B—H4B	126.0
C8—C7—H7	119.8	C1B—S1B—C4B	108.0
C6—C7—H7	119.8		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.